CLAIMS

(Currently Amended) A method for resolving a partial media topology, 1.

comprising:

receiving a partial media topology that includes a plurality of nodes including at

least one media source node and at least one media sink node;

populating a working first-in-first-out (FIFO) queue with source nodes in the

partial topology;

iteratively, for each node in the working FIFO queue:

negotiating a media type for each output of the node with thea

downstream node in the partial topology;

instantiating one or more intermediate nodes when it is determined

that an output of the node is incompatible with an input of the downstream node;

connecting the one or more intermediate nodes between the media

source node and the media sink node; and

adding the one or more intermediate nodes to the working FIFO

queue only if all input connections of the intermediate nodes are resolved, the one or

more intermediate nodes being absent from the partial media topology.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the partial media topology is

received from a remote process as a parameter in an interface call.

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3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the working FIFO queue comprises each node in the partial topology, and wherein an ordering of the nodes in

the partial topology is maintained from the partial topology to the working FIFO queue.

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein negotiating a media type

comprises determining the media types of an upstream node and an associated

downstream node.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein instantiating one or more

intermediate nodes comprises instantiating at least one of an encoder or a decoder.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[5]]1, wherein adding the one or

more intermediate nodes to the working FIFO queue comprises adding one or more

intermediate nodes to the decoder convert[[s]] a compressed output stream of the

source node into an uncompressed output.

7. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the encoder converts an

uncompressed media stream into a compressed media stream.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein connecting the one or more

intermediate nodes between the upstream node and the downstream node comprises

generating a data path between the output of a upstream node an input of an

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intermediate node.

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9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein one or more of the intermediate

nodes is an option node.

10. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

one or more tangible computer-readable media;

a media engine embodied on the one or more computer-readable media and

configured to communicatively interact with an application to present a media

presentation;

the media engine being configured to use:

a media session to generate a partial topology, the partial topology

including one or more media sources individual ones of which serving as a

source of media content, and one or more media sinks configured to sink a

media stream, and

a topology loader to resolve the partial topology into a full topology.

wherein a count of nodes in the full topology is greater than a count of nodes

in the partial topology.

11. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the media engine exposes one or

more application program interfaces that are used by an application to interact directly

with the media engine, and indirectly with components used by the media engine.

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12. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the media session invokes the

topology loader using an application programming interface.

13. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the media session passes the

partial topology to the topology loader as a parameter in an interface call.

14. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 10, wherein the topology loader is

configured to instantiate one or more intermediate nodes, and to connect the one or

more intermediate nodes in a communication path between a media source and a

media sink in the a-partial topology.

15. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein the one or more intermediate

nodes comprise a decoder for decoding the output of a source node.

16. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 14, wherein the one or more

intermediate nodes comprise[[s]] an encoder for encoding an input of a source node.

17. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein the one or more intermediate

nodes comprise an optional node, and wherein the topology loader implements logic to

connect an optional node.

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18. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the topology loader provides at least one interface to provide the application the capability to facilitate resolving the partial topology.

19. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the topology loader returns a fully resolved topology.

(Currently Amended) A system comprising:
one or more tangible computer-readable media;

a media engine embodied on the one or more computer-readable media and configured to communicatively interact with an application to present a presentation;

the media engine being configured to use:

a media session to generate one or more media sources individual ones of which serving as a source of media content, and one or more media sinks configured to sink a media stream;

a topology loader to generate one or more transforms communicatively linked with one or more media sources and configured to operate on data received from the one or more media sources, the topology loader to further receive a partially resolved topology from the media session, and to generate a fully resolved topology by sequentially negotiating a media type of each source node of the partially resolved topology with an input of a downstream node to determine whether additional intermediate nodes should be added.

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21. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 20, wherein

the media session-is configured to first-creates the partial topology, the partial

topology that is to be utilized to present the presentation

: and

the topology-loader is configured to receive a partially resolved topology from

the media-session, and to generate a fully resolved topology.

22. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the media engine creates partial

topology by at least determining one or more media sources and one or more media

sinks for the presentation.

23. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the topology loader analyzes the

outputs of a media source and the inputs of a media sink, and negotiates the media

type for passing a media stream between the media source and the media sink.

24. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the topology loader generates a

source node list comprising nodes in the partial topology.

25. (Original) The system of claim 24, wherein the one or more transforms

generated by the topology loader are added to the source node list.

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26. (Original) The system of claim 25, wherein the topology loader negotiates the

media type between the one or more transforms and one or more downstream nodes.

27. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 20, wherein the one or more

transforms comprise[[s]] at least of an encoder or a decoder.

28. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the topology loader returns the fully

resolved topology to the media session.

29. (New) A method for resolving a partial media topology, comprising:

receiving a plurality of media nodes from a remote computer:

populating a working first-in-first-out (FIFO) queue with at least two of the

plurality of media nodes;

resolving a connection between two nodes of the FIFO queue by adding an

encoder to the FIFO queue;

inserting one or more intermediate nodes into the FIFO queue, the one or

more added intermediate nodes absent from the plurality of media received from the

remote computer;

removing one or more of the inserted nodes from the FIFO queue when a

connection between a first intermediate node of the FIFO queue and a first media node

of the FIFO queue is unresolved;

generating a presentation media comprised of the FIFO nodes; and

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presenting the presentation media to a user by visually rendering the FIFO nodes within a window on a display device.

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